19-6124; Rev 0; 11/11

EVALUATION KIT AVAILABLE

MAX98314

Mono 3.2W Class D Amplifier with Integrated Input Coupling Capacitors

General Description

The MAX98314 mono 3.2W Class D amplifier provides Class AB audio performance with Class D efficiency. This device offers five selectable gain settings (0dB, 3dB, 6dB, 9dB, and 12dB) set by a single gain-select input (GAIN).

Active emissions limiting (AEL) edge rate and overshoot control circuitry and a filterless spread-spectrum modulation (SSM) scheme greatly reduce EMI and eliminate the need for output filtering found in traditional Class D devices.

The IC's low 0.95mA at 3.7V, 1.2mA at 5.0V quiescent current extends battery life in portable applications.

Highly linear, integrated input coupling capacitors (C_{IN}) reduce solution size and provide excellent THD+N, PSRR, and CMRR performance at low frequencies vs. standard Class D amplifiers using external input capacitors.

The IC is available in a small 9-bump, 0.3mm pitch WLP (1.0mm x 1.0mm x 0.80mm) package and is specified over the -40°C to +85°C extended temperature range.

Applications

Mobile Phones

Portable Audio

Notebook Computers

MP3 Players

Netbook Computers

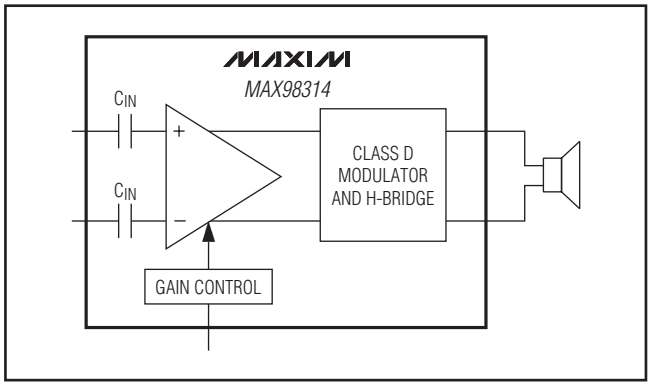
VoIP Phones

***Ordering Information* appears at end of data sheet.**

Features

- **Integrated Input Coupling Capacitors with Excellent Linearity**
  - **f_C = 100Hz (6dB)**
  - **f_C = 200Hz (12dB)**
- **Low Quiescent Current**
  - **0.95mA at 3.7V**
  - **1.2mA at 5.0V**
- **Delivers High Output Power at 10% THD+N**
  - **3.2W into 4Ω, V_{PVDD} = 5V**
  - **960mW into 8Ω, V_{PVDD} = 3.7V**
- **Ultra-Low Noise: 19µV**
- **Eliminates Output Filtering Requirement**
  - **Spread Spectrum and Active Emissions Limiting**
- **Click-and-Pop Suppression**
- **Thermal and Overcurrent Protection**
- **Low Current Shutdown Mode**
- **Small, Space-Saving Package**

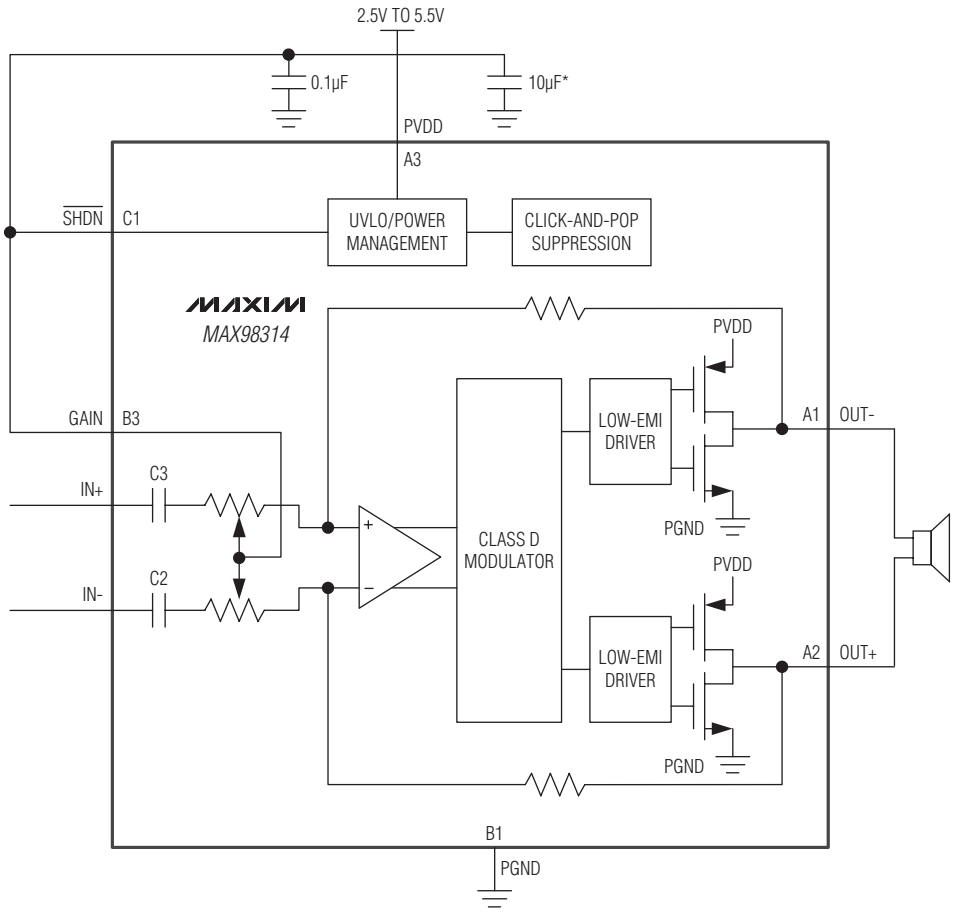
Simplified Block Diagram



For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to: ***www.maxim-ic.com/MAX98314.related***

Mono 3.2W Class D Amplifier with Integrated Input Coupling Capacitors

Functional Diagram/Typical Application Circuit



*SYSTEM BULK CAPACITANCE.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PVDD, IN+, IN-, $\overline{SHDN}$, GAIN to PGND ..... 0.3V to +6V
OUT+, OUT- to PGND ..... 0.3V to (V_{PVDD} + 0.3V)
Continuous Current In/Out of PVDD, PGND, OUT_ 750mA
Continuous Input Current (all other pins) ..... ±20mA
Duration of Short Circuit Between
OUT_ to PVDD, PGND ..... Continuous
Between OUT+ and OUT- Pins ..... Continuous

Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C) for Multilayer Board
WLP (derate 10.64mW/°C above +70°C) 851mW
Junction Temperature ..... +150°C
Operating Temperature Range ..... -40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range ..... -65°C to +150°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow) ..... +260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

WLP
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) ..... 102°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC}) ..... 47°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to **www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial**.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = V_{GAIN} = 5V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB (GAIN = PVDD), R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
AMPLIFIER CHARACTERISTICS							
Supply Voltage Range	V_{PVDD}	Guaranteed by PSRR test		2.5		5.5	V
Undervoltage Lockout	UVLO	PVDD falling			1.8	2.2	V
Quiescent Current	I_{PVDD}	V_{PVDD} = 5V			1.2	1.8	mA
		V_{PVDD} = 3.7V			0.95		
Shutdown Supply Current	$I_{\overline{SHDN}}$	$V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 0V, T_A = +25°C			< 0.1	10	µA
Turn-On Time	t_{ON}				3.7	10	ms
Bias Voltage	V_{BIAS}				V_{PVDD}/2		V
Voltage Gain	A_V	f = 1kHz	GAIN connected to PGND	11.75	12	12.25	dB
			GAIN connected to PGND through 100kΩ ±5% resistor	8.75	9	9.25	
			GAIN connected to PVDD	5.75	6	6.25	
			GAIN connected to PVDD through 100kΩ ±5% resistor	2.75	3	3.25	
			GAIN unconnected	-0.25	0	+0.25	
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	All gains			0.011		µF
Highpass Corner Frequency	f_C	-3dB down	A_V = 12dB		199		Hz
			A_V = 9dB		139		
			A_V = 6dB	63	100	189	
			A_V = 3dB		70		
			A_V = 0dB		50		

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = V_{GAIN} = 5V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB (GAIN = PVDD), R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f_{IN} = 1kHz, input referred			67		dB
Output Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	T_A = +25°C (Note 4)			±1	±3	mV
Click-and-Pop Level	K_{CP}	R_L = 8Ω + 68µH, peak voltage, T_A = +25°C, A-weighted, 32 samples per second, T_A = +25°C (Notes 4, 5)	Into shutdown		-59		dBV
			Out of shutdown		-82		
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 4)	PSRR	V_{PVDD} = 2.5V to 5.5V, T_A = +25°C		70	90		dB
		V_{RIPPLE} = 200mV_{P-P}	f = 217Hz		74		
			f = 1kHz		72		
			f = 20kHz		49		
Output Power	P_{OUT}	THD+N = 10% f = 1kHz R_L = 4Ω + 33µH	V_{PVDD} = 5.0V		3.2		W
			V_{PVDD} = 4.2V		2.2		
			V_{PVDD} = 3.7V		1.7		
		THD+N = 1% f = 1kHz R_L = 4Ω + 33µH	V_{PVDD} = 5.0V		2.6		
			V_{PVDD} = 4.2V		1.8		
			V_{PVDD} = 3.7V		1.4		
		THD+N = 10% f = 1kHz R_L = 8Ω + 68µH	V_{PVDD} = 5.0V		1.8		
			V_{PVDD} = 4.2V		1.2		
			V_{PVDD} = 3.7V		0.96		
		THD+N = 1% f = 1kHz R_L = 8Ω + 68µH	V_{PVDD} = 5.0V		1.4		
			V_{PVDD} = 4.2V		1		
			V_{PVDD} = 3.7V		0.8		
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	f_{IN} = 1kHz	R_L = 4Ω, P_{OUT} = 1W		0.03	0.1	%
			R_L = 8Ω P_{OUT} = 0.725W		0.03		
Output Noise	V_N	A-weighted (Note 4)	A_V = 12dB		31		$µV_{RMS}$
			A_V = 9dB		26		
			A_V = 6dB		23		
			A_V = 3dB		21		
			A_V = 0dB		19		
Efficiency	η	R_L = 8Ω, P_{OUT} = 1.8W, f = 1kHz			93		%
Oscillator Frequency	f_{OSC}				300		kHz
Spread-Spectrum Bandwidth					20		kHz
Current Limit					2.8		A
Thermal Shutdown Level					155		°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = V_{GAIN} = 5V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB (GAIN = PVDD), R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2, 3)

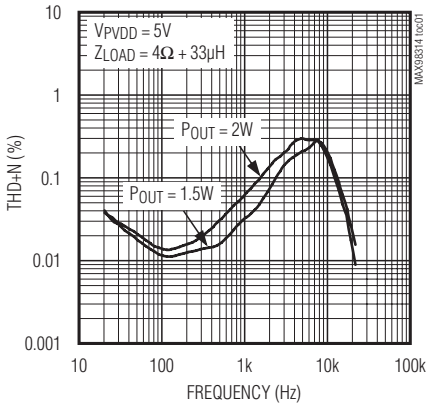
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Thermal Hysteresis				15		°C
DIGITAL INPUT ($\overline{SHDN}$)						
Input Voltage High	V_{INH}	V_{PVDD} = 2.5V to 5.5V	1.4			V
Input Voltage Low	V_{INL}	V_{PVDD} = 2.5V to 5.5V			0.4	V
Input Leakage Current		T_A = +25°C			±1	µA

Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.
Note 3: Testing performed with a resistive load in series with an inductor to simulate an actual speaker load. For R_L = 4Ω, L = 33µH. For R_L = 8Ω, L = 68µH.
Note 4: Amplifier inputs AC-coupled to ground.
Note 5: Mode transitions controlled by $\overline{SHDN}$ control pin.

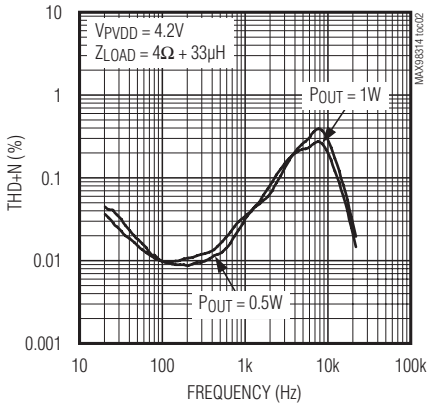
Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB, R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

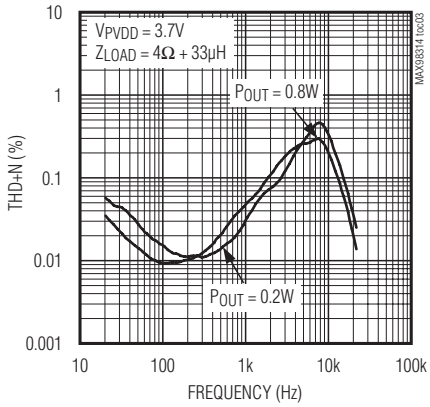
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



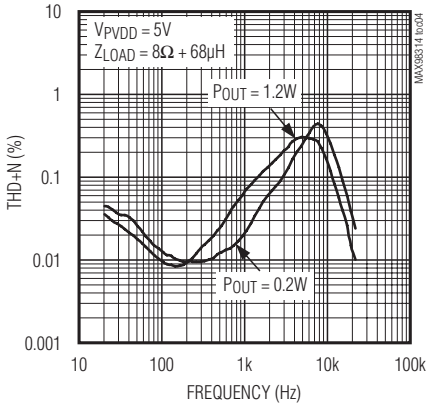
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



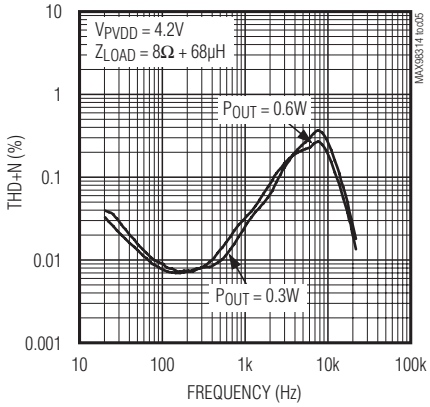
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



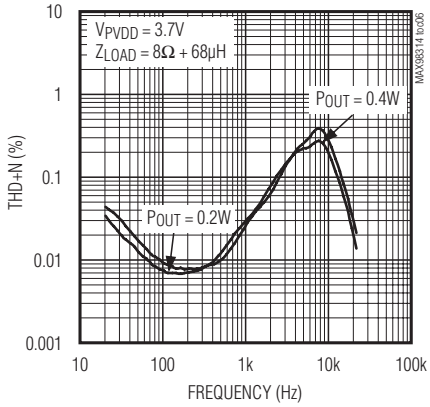
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



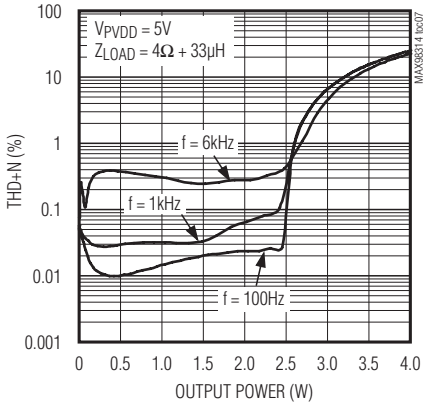
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



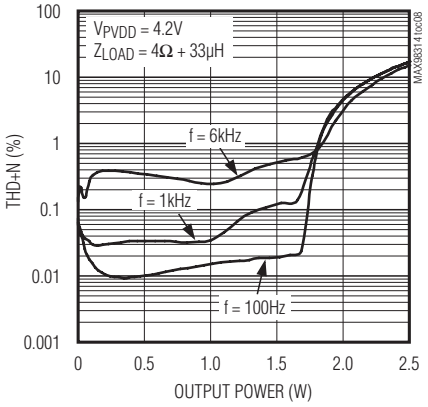
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB, R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

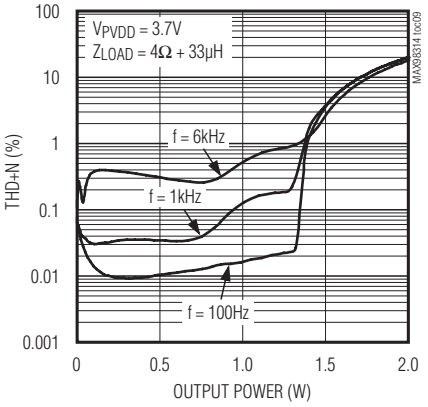
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



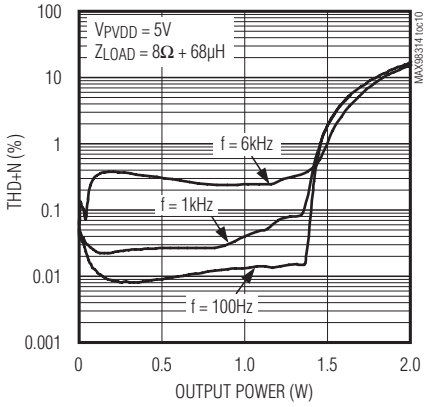
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



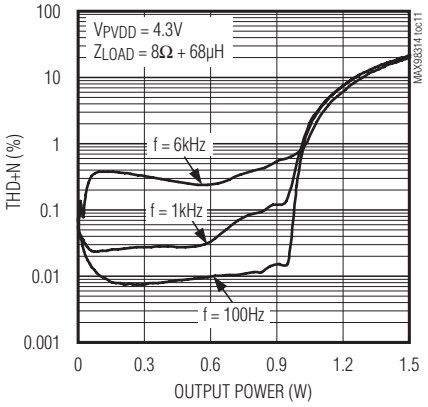
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



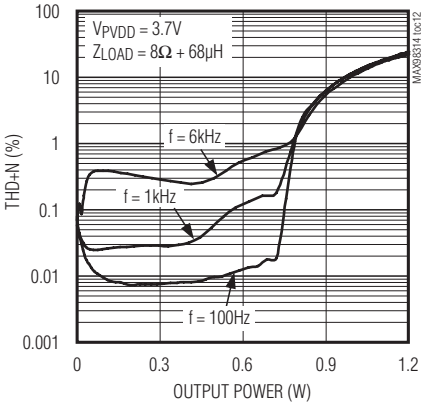
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



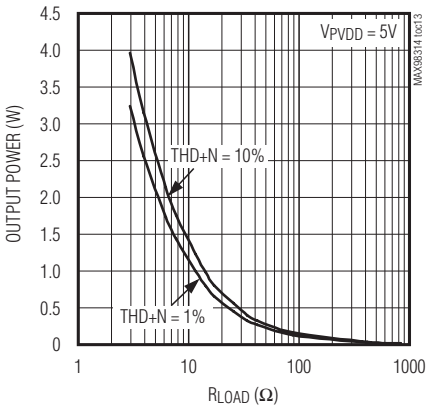
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



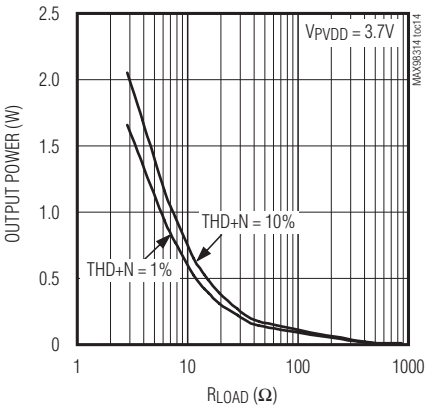
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER



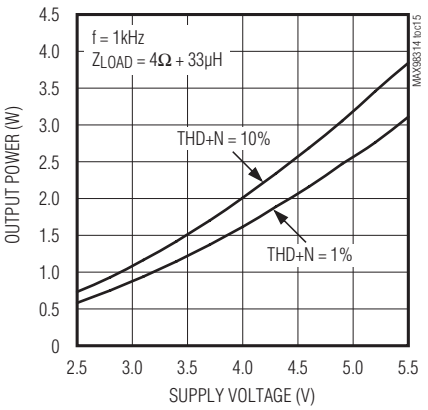
OUTPUT POWER vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



OUTPUT POWER vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



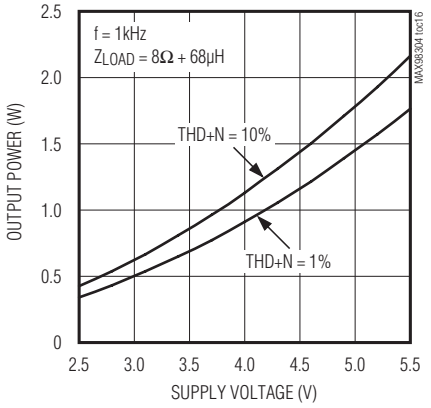
OUTPUT POWER vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



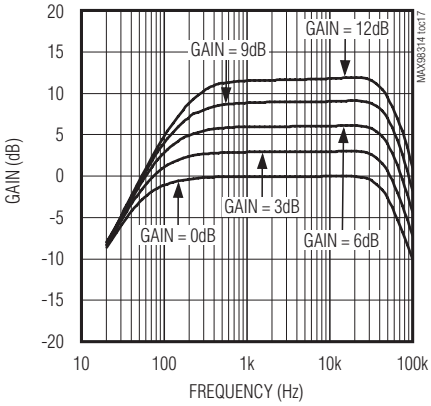
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB, R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

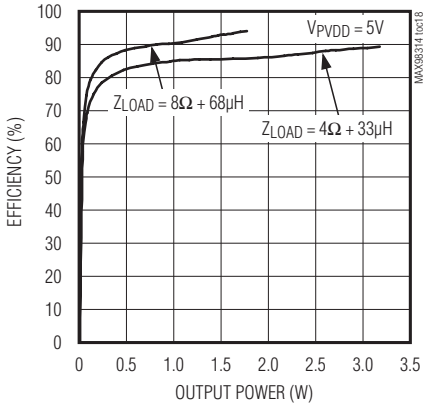
OUTPUT POWER vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



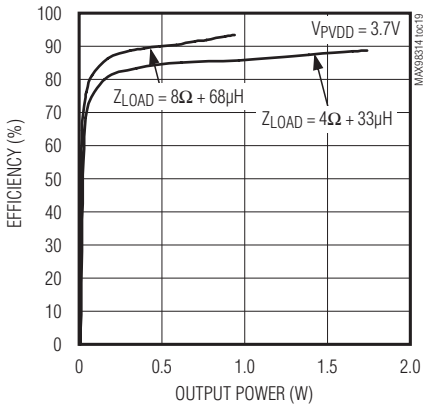
GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



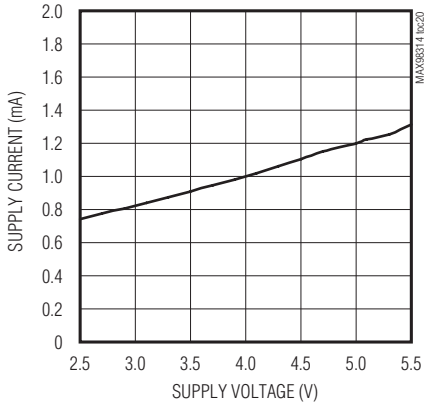
EFFICIENCY vs. OUTPUT POWER



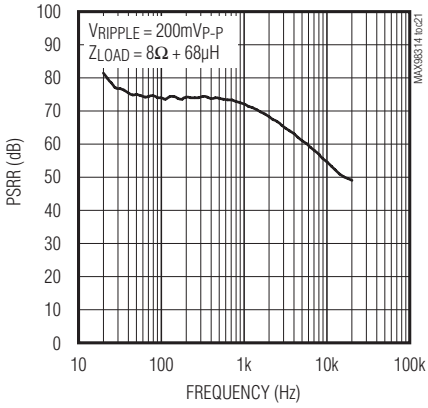
EFFICIENCY vs. OUTPUT POWER



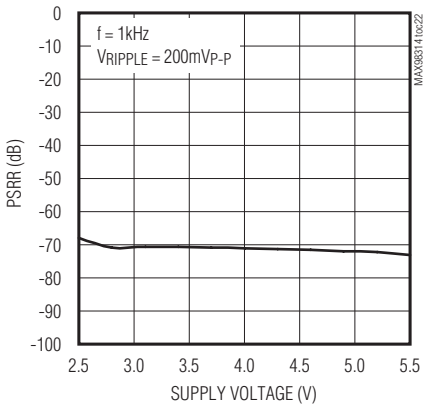
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



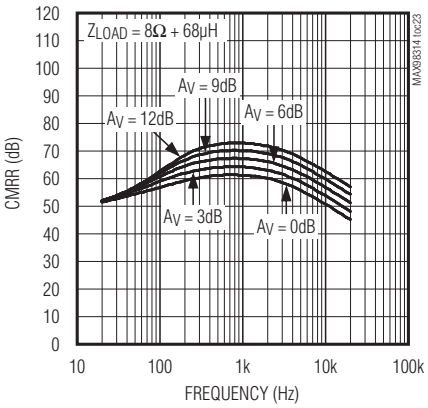
POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY



POWER-SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE



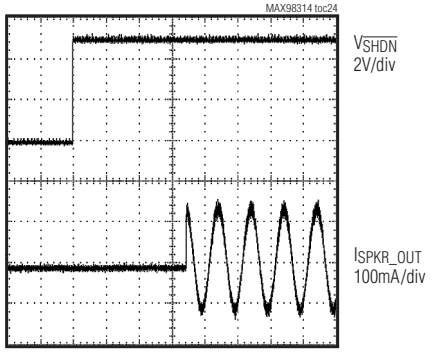
COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO vs. FREQUENCY



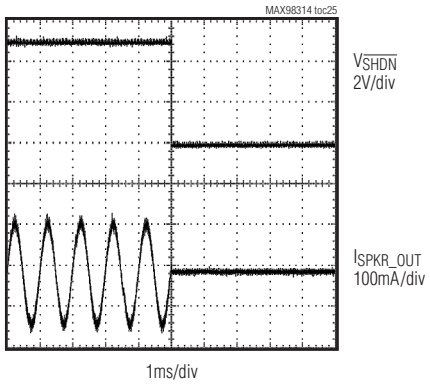
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{PVDD} = $V_{\overline{SHDN}}$ = 5.0V, V_{PGND} = 0V, A_V = 6dB, R_L = ∞, R_L connected between OUT+ to OUT-, AC measurement bandwidth 20Hz to 22kHz, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

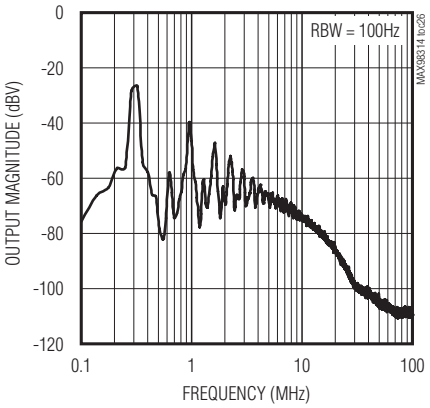
STARTUP RESPONSE



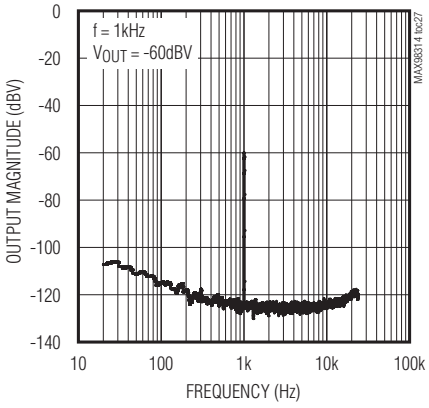
SHUTDOWN RESPONSE



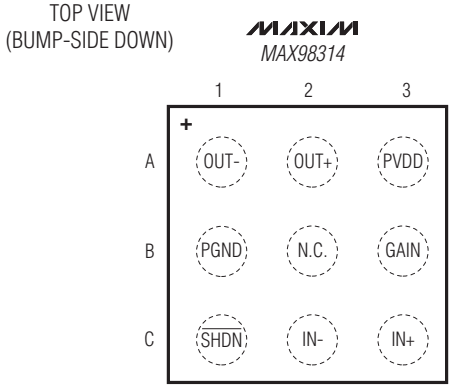
WIDEBAND vs. FREQUENCY



NARROWBAND vs. FREQUENCY



Pin Configuration



WLP
(0.3mm pitch)

Pin Description

BUMP	NAME	FUNCTION
A1	OUT-	Negative Speaker Output
A2	OUT+	Positive Speaker Output
A3	PVDD	Power Supply. Bypass PVDD with a 0.1µF and 10µF capacitor to PGND.
B1	PGND	Power Ground
B2	N.C.	No Connection. Can be left unconnected or connected to PGND.
B3	GAIN	Gain Select. See Table 1 for GAIN settings.
C1	$\overline{SHDN}$	Active-Low Shutdown Input. Drive $\overline{SHDN}$ low to place the device in shutdown.
C2	IN-	Inverting Audio Input
C3	IN+	Noninverting Audio Input

Detailed Description

The MAX98314 features low quiescent current, a low-power shutdown mode, comprehensive click-and-pop suppression, and excellent RF immunity.

The IC offers Class AB audio performance with Class D efficiency in a minimal board-space solution. The Class D amplifier features spread-spectrum modulation, edge-rate, and overshoot control circuitry that offers significant improvements to switch-mode amplifier radiated emissions.

The amplifier features click-and-pop suppression that reduces audible transients on startup and shutdown. The amplifier additionally includes thermal overload and short-circuit protection.

Highly linear, integrated input coupling capacitors (C_{IN}) reduce solution size and provide excellent THD+N, PSRR, and CMRR performance at low frequencies vs. standard Class D amplifiers using external input capacitors.

Class D Speaker Amplifier

The IC's filterless Class D amplifier offers much higher efficiency than Class AB amplifiers. The high efficiency of a Class D amplifier is due to the switching operation of the output stage transistors. Any power loss associated with the Class D output stage is mostly due to the I^2R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance and quiescent switching current overhead.

Ultra-Low EMI Filterless Output Stage

Traditional Class D amplifiers require the use of external LC filters, or shielding, to meet electromagnetic interference (EMI) regulation standards. Maxim's patented active emissions limiting edge-rate control circuitry and spread-spectrum modulation reduces EMI emissions, while maintaining up to 93% efficiency.

The spread-spectrum modulation mode flattens wideband spectral components, while proprietary techniques ensure that the cycle-to-cycle variation of the switching period does not degrade audio reproduction or efficiency. The IC's spread-spectrum modulator randomly varies the switching frequency by ±20kHz around the center frequency (300kHz). Above 10MHz, the wideband spectrum looks like noise for EMI purposes (Figure 1).

Amplifier Current Limit

If the output current of the speaker amplifier exceeds the current limit (2.8A typ), the IC disables the outputs for approximately 100µs. At the end of 100µs, the outputs are reenabled. If the fault condition still exists, the IC continues to disable and reenable the outputs until the fault condition is removed.

Selectable Amplifier Gain

The IC offers five programmable gain settings, selectable by a single gain input (GAIN).

Table 1. GAIN Selection

GAIN PIN	MAXIMUM GAIN (dB)
Connect to PGND	12
Connect to PGND through 100kΩ ±5%	9
Connect to PVDD	6
Connect to PVDD through 100kΩ ±5%	3
Unconnected	0

Integrated Input Coupling Capacitors (C_{IN})

The IC integrates two 0.011µF input coupling capacitors, C_{IN}. The input coupling capacitors, in conjunction with the amplifier's internal input resistance (R_{IN}), form a first-order highpass filter that removes the DC bias from the incoming signal. These capacitors allow the amplifier to bias the signal to an optimum DC level.

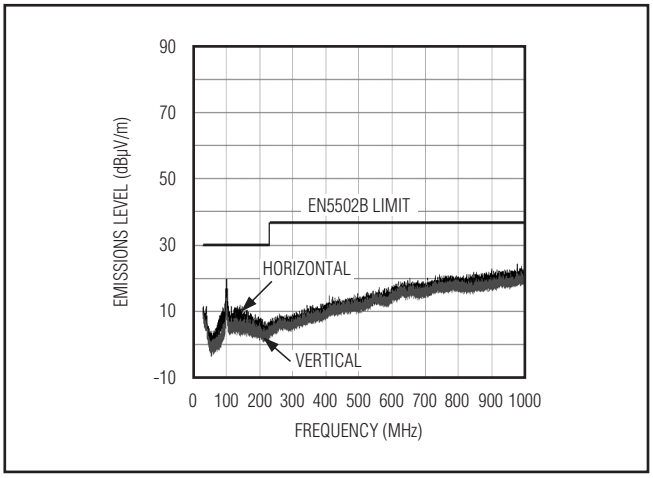


Figure 1. EMI Performance with 60cm of Speaker Cable, No Output Filter

Assuming zero source impedance, the -3dB corner frequency, f_{-3dB}, is:

$$f_{-3dB} = 1/2\pi R_{IN} C_{IN} \text{ [Hz]}$$

The 100ppm/V voltage coefficient of the integrated input coupling capacitor results in excellent low-frequency THD+N performance. Figure 2 illustrates the superior linearity of the IC's integrated input coupling capacitors compared to a similar amplifier with external 0.01µF X7R and X5R 0402 input coupling capacitors.

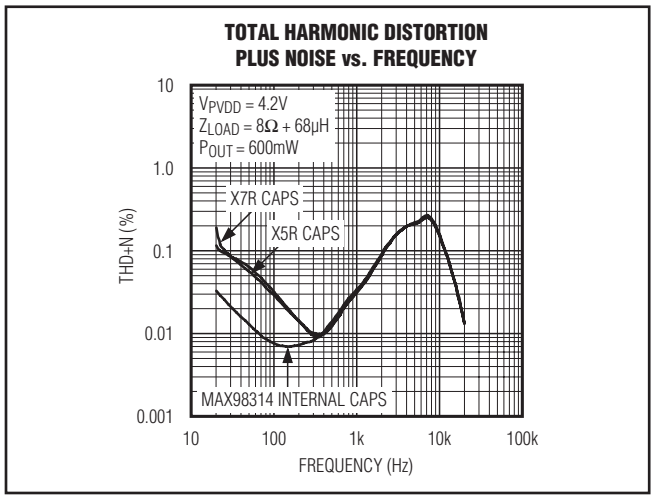


Figure 2. Low-Frequency THD+N Performance

Shutdown

The IC features a low-power shutdown mode, drawing < 0.1µA (typ) of supply current. Drive $\overline{SHDN}$ low to put the IC into shutdown.

Click-and-Pop Suppression

The speaker amplifier features Maxim's comprehensive click-and-pop suppression. During startup, the click-and-pop suppression circuitry reduces any audible transient sources internal to the device. When entering shutdown, the differential speaker outputs ramp down to PGND quickly and simultaneously.

Applications Information

Filterless Class D Operation

Traditional Class D amplifiers require an output filter. The filter adds cost and size, and decreases efficiency and THD+N performance. The IC's filterless modulation scheme does not require an output filter.

Because the switching frequency of the IC is well beyond the bandwidth of most speakers, voice coil movement due to the switching frequency is very small. Use a speaker with a series inductance > 10µH. Typical 8Ω speakers exhibit series inductances in the 20µH to 100µH range.

Speaker Amplifier Power-Supply Input (PVDD)

PVDD powers the speaker amplifier and ranges from 2.5V to 5.5V. Bypass PVDD with a 0.1µF and 10µF capacitor to PGND. Apply additional bulk capacitance at the device if long input traces between PVDD and the power source are used.

Layout and Grounding

Proper layout and grounding are essential for optimum performance. Good grounding improves audio performance and prevents switching noise from coupling into the audio signal.

Use wide, low-resistance output traces. As the load impedance decreases, the current drawn from the device increases. At higher current, the resistance of the output traces decrease the power delivered to the load. For example, if 2W is delivered from the device output to a 4Ω load through 100mΩ of total speaker trace, 1.904W is delivered to the speaker. If power is delivered through 10mΩ of total speaker trace, 1.99W is delivered to the speaker. Wide output, supply, and ground traces also improve the power dissipation of the device.

The IC is inherently designed for excellent RF immunity. For best performance, add ground fills around all signal traces on top or bottom PCB layers.

WLP Applications Information

For the latest application details on WLP construction, dimensions, tape carrier information, PCB techniques, bump-pad layout, and recommended reflow temperature profile, as well as the latest information on reliability testing results, refer to Application Note 1891: *Wafer-Level Packaging (WLP) and Its Applications*. Figure 3 shows the dimensions of the WLP balls used on the IC.

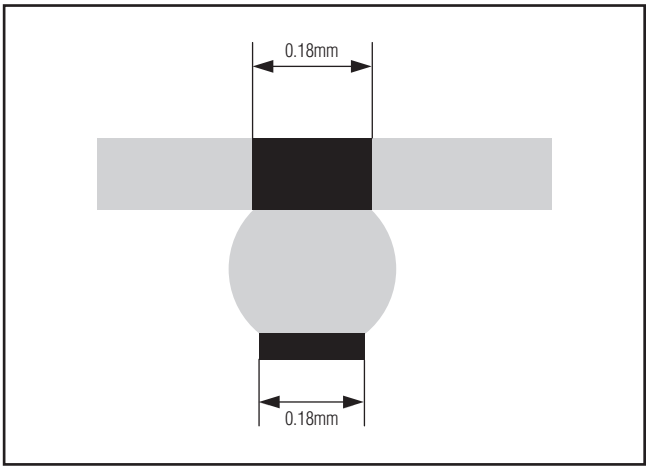


Figure 3. WLP Ball Dimensions

Ordering Information

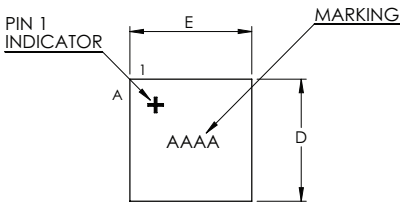
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX98314EWL+	-40°C to +85°C	9 WLP

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

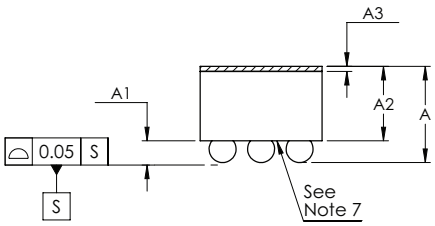
Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
9 WLP (0.3mm pitch)	W90A0+1	**21-0539**	Refer to **Application Note 1891**



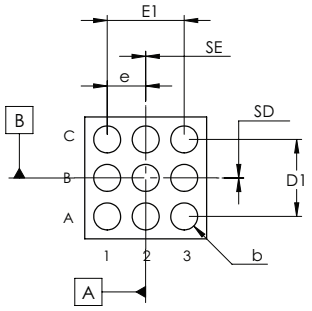
TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS		
A	0.75	±0.05
A1	0.16	±0.03
A2	0.59	REF
A3	0.040	BASIC
b	Ø0.21	±0.03
D1	0.60	BASIC
E1	0.60	BASIC
e	0.30	BASIC
SD	0.00	BASIC
SE	0.00	BASIC

PKG. CODE	E		D		DEPOPULATED BUMPS
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
W90A0+1	0.95	0.98	0.95	0.98	NONE



BOTTOM VIEW

NOTES:
1. Terminal pitch is defined by terminal center to center value.
2. Outer dimension is defined by center lines between scribe lines.
3. All dimensions in millimeter.
4. Marking shown is for package orientation reference only.
5. Tolerance is ± 0.02 unless specified otherwise.
6. All dimensions apply to PbFree (+) package codes only.
7. Front - side finish can be either Black or Clear.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

MAXIM

TITLE
Package Outline
9 bumps, WLP Pkg. 0.3MM Pitch

APPROVAL | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0539 | REV. B | 1/1

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	11/11	Initial release	—